FACULTY OF LAW

301504

L.L.B (3 YDC) III - Year VI - Semester Examination, May/June, 2011

Subject: LAW

Paper - VII

Optional - II (a) Law of Banking

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

PART - A

Answer any five of the following:

5x6=30

- 1. NABARD
- 2. Reserve Bank of India
- 3. Garnishee order
- 4. Banker's Rights
- 5. Cheques \
- 6. Dividend warrants
- **7.** Forgery
- 8. Letters of credit

PART - B

Answer any two questions:

2x15=30

- 9. "The relation between banker and customer is primarily that of a debtor and creditor". Explain the above statement with suitable examples.
- 10. Define a cheque and discuss the various kinds of cheques.
- 11. Discuss the statutory protection provided to collecting bankers under the Negotiable Instruments Act.
- 12. Critically examine the rights and liabilities of a surety.

Contd...2

PART - C

Answer any two questions:

2x10=20

- 13. An open bearer cheque for Rs. 20,000/~ favouring Z company is presented for cash payment at the counter by an unknown person. Can the cheque be honoured? Examine the legal position.
- 14. A pays into his bank a cheque drawn on another banker payable to B and crossed "Not Negotiable". Should A's bank take such a cheque inspite of such a crossing. Explain the legal position.
- 15. X a customer has deposited Jewels worth Rs. 50,000/- for safe custody. Later he becomes a debtor to the bank. Explain the legal right of the banker.
- 16. A branch of a bank receives a garnishee order attaching all sums owed by the bank to a customer X. At the time of the receipt of the order X has a joint account in the names of X and Y with a balance of Rs. 10,000/- and a current account in the name of X as executor to an estate of the late Mr Z with a balance of Rs. 20,000/-. How will the banker exercise his legal powers. Explain.